

# **SUMMER BOOKLET**

## **Verb passages**

### **A- Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs in brackets:**

John Adams .....(be) a journalist. He .....(like) his job a lot!

Everyday he .....(get up) very early. First, he .....(take) a shower and then he .....(get) dressed. After that, he .....(go) to the kitchen to have breakfast with his family. They .....(eat) toast and .....(drink) tea. After that, John .....(go) to work on foot. He .....(not - use) the car. At work, he .....(write) articles for the local newspaper.

Now he .....(not work). He .....(read) the newspaper at a café near his office. His friend Peter is with him. They .....(have) some coffee and sandwiches. They .....(not- talk) about work. They .....(enjoy) lunch time together.

Yesterday it .....(be) Friday. John .....(not- go) to work on foot. He .....(get) a taxi because he .....(have) an important meeting and he .....(not- want) to arrive late. Then, he .....(eat) a snack and .....(drink) some tea and he .....(write) some emails. In the afternoon, he .....(invite) some friends and they .....(play) tennis at the club. His sons .....(not- play) tennis. They .....(ride) their bikes and .....(climb) some trees. They all .....(have) a great time.

### **B- Complete this text with the correct form of the verbs in brackets:**

Mary Evans \_\_\_\_\_ (be) 40 years old. She \_\_\_\_\_ ( be) married and he \_\_\_\_\_ (have) three children. Every day she \_\_\_\_\_ (get up) at seven o'clock, \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to the gym and \_\_\_\_\_ (take) a taxi to her job. She \_\_\_\_\_ (not use) a car because she \_\_\_\_\_ (not know) how to drive. She \_\_\_\_\_ (work) as a secretary in a big company. At midday she \_\_\_\_\_ (have) lunch with her job mates. They \_\_\_\_\_ (not have) a big meal because they \_\_\_\_\_ (be- always) in a hurry. After lunch they \_\_\_\_\_ (go back)to their

office and \_\_\_\_\_ (keep on) working until four in the afternoon. At this moment, Mary \_\_\_\_\_ (send) some emails and \_\_\_\_\_ (check) her diary. She \_\_\_\_\_ (not going) to any important meeting this week.

Mary \_\_\_\_\_ (not take) a holiday since 2010, because she \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) a new house recently. She \_\_\_\_\_ (just- decide) to book a hotel in the mountains to go with her family. Last year her mother \_\_\_\_\_ (invite) her grandchildren to go California. They \_\_\_\_\_ (travel) all together and they \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a fantastic time. While they \_\_\_\_\_ ( stay) Los Angeles, they \_\_\_\_\_ (see) some famous actors but they \_\_\_\_\_ (not go) to Hollywood because they \_\_\_\_\_ (not have) any more time.

Next year Mary \_\_\_\_\_ (take) her children to the seaside again. They \_\_\_\_\_ (rent) a flat near the coast and they \_\_\_\_\_ (invite) their granny, too.

**C- Verb Passage. Fill in the blanks with Simple Present, Present Continuous or Simple**

**Past:**

Dear Tom,

How are you? I ..... (get) your email last Sunday but I ..... (neg. can) answer it because my computer ..... (break) down. At the moment I ..... (not stay) at my brother's house because they ..... (paint) it so we ..... (move) to our aunt's house yesterday. She ..... (live) in a lovely town near the city center. She ..... (not work) so she ..... (spend) most of the time with us and ..... (cook) delicious meals for us. Right now she ..... (preparing) a chicken pie for dinner. .... (you /remember) the boy we met last summer holidays in Brazil? Well, last weekend I ..... (see) him at the shopping mall and I ..... (invite) him for a drink. He ..... (be) in a hurry so he ..... (not have) time to stay with me but tomorrow evening we ..... (get) together for dinner. I'm sure we'll have a great time.

Well, that's all for now. Write back soon.

Peter

**D- Complete with verb tenses:**

1- Yesterday Tom .....(play) in the park when he .....(meet) his friend Jack. They .....(talk) for some time and then they .....(ride) their bikes. They .....(no-eat) an ice-cream because they .....(no- be) hungry.

2- Last Sunday while my mother .....(wash) the dishes my father.....(read) the newspaper. Then we .....(go) to the garden and we .....(run) and .....(jump) a lot.

3- Now the children .....(have) a lot of fun in the playground. They .....(play). They .....(no-study). The break .....(no-finish) yet.

4- I .....(already- do) the homework and I .....(jut-have) tea but I .....(take) a shower yet.

5- Tomorrow is Mary's birthday so she .....(buy) a cake and some drinks and she .....(decorate) her house. She .....(no-invite) a lot of people because she lives in a small house.

6- My cousin is called Henry. He .....(be) a very friendly boy. He .....(have got) a lot of friends but he .....(no-have) siblings. He .....(be) an only child. Every morning he .....(go) to school by bike and he .....(meet) his partners. They .....(play) basketball and .....(run) a lot. They .....(love) going to school.

**PUT THE VERBS IN BRACKETS IN THE CORRECT TENSE:**

1- Every Sunday Peter.....(perform) a show on the streets of New York. He .....(do) magic acts or .....(juggle) his ball while tourists .....(look) at him and .....(take) photos. He .....(be) keen on doing all these activities and apart from this, he .....(earn)some Money. During the week, he .....(not- perform) because he .....(go) to school.

2- I often .....(go) to live concerts with my cousins. We .....(love) singing and dancing while we .....(enjoy) the show. We ..... (not-buy) the tickets at the concert. We usually .....(get) them on the Internet.

3- At the moment we .....(study) for a test but our teacher .....(not-study). She .....(check) some homework.

4- Last weekend I .....(watch) a quiz show on T.V. The contestants .....(participate) in different games and they .....(win) a wonderful prize. Later, as I .....(not – have) any homework, I .....(take) my dog for a walk and .....(buy) some candies at the kiosk.

5- A: Hi, Tom! What .....(you-do)?

B: Hi! I.....(make) a paper plane. I .....(like) .....(use) paper to make different things. It.....(be) my hobby. ....(you-have) any hobby?

A: No, I ..... but I .....(not-mind) helping you if you want.

6- Next weekend Peter and his friends .....(go) camping to mountains. They .....(not- travel) by bus. Peter's father.....(drive) them there and then they.....(climb) a mountain until they get to the campsite. Peter .....(not- take) a big rucksack because it .....(be) really heavy for him to carry it. Peter is really happy because they .....(have) a great time there.

7- Yesterday it .....(be) rainy so the children.....(not- can) go outside to play. They .....(stay) inside and .....(do) different activities to enjoy themselves. They .....(be) really happy.

**VERB PASSAGE: Complete with the correct form of the verbs in brackets:**

Jane Smith is a lawyer who .....(live) in Buenos Aires. Everyday she .....(get up) very early, .....(have) breakfast and

.....(go) to work by bus because she .....(not like) driving in the city. Her children .....(be) at university. They .....(study) Medicine. They usually .....(study) a lot. They .....(not work) because they .....(want) to finish their career quickly.

At the moment Jane .....(work). She .....(sit) at her desk and she .....(read) some important papers. She .....(not use) her computer because it is broken. Her secretary .....(make) some coffee for Jane and some other lawyers because they .....(have) a meeting in Jane's office.

Yesterday it .....(be) Sunday so Jane .....(not go) to work. She.....(watch) T.V. and then she .....(eat) lunch with her family. Later, she .....(go) to the cinema with her husband. They .....(have) a very nice time.

Next week Jane .....(travel) to Mendoza to visit her mother. They .....(go out) together and they.....(have) lunch at the club. They .....(not take) the bus. They .....(go) walking because the club is near their house. They .....(enjoy) themselves a lot!!

**Ask questions for the following answers:**

1- .....?

My father goes to work in the morning.

2- .....?

The children are playing football in the garden.

3- .....?

My favourite food is pasta.

4- .....?

Today it is sunny and cold.

5- .....?

Mary gets up at seven o'clock in the morning

6- .....?

My mother cooks chocolate cakes on Sundays

7- .....?

Jane took the plane for Mendoza last week.

8- .....?

The boys usually go to school on foot.

9- .....?

My mother goes to gym classes twice a week.

10- .....?

Tom arrived at the airport at 10 o'clock last night.

### PRESENT PERFECT

**Complete the sentences with the PRESENT PERFECT and FOR or SINCE:**

1- Tom \_\_\_\_\_ (just-drive) his new car. He \_\_\_\_\_  
(recently- buy) it and he's really happy.

2- - How long \_\_\_\_\_ (you- have) this  
house?

- I \_\_\_\_\_ (have) it \_\_\_\_\_ seven years

- 3- The baby \_\_\_\_\_ (sleep) \_\_\_\_\_ two o'clock! He must be very tired!
- 4- Tina \_\_\_\_\_ (already- do) her homework but she \_\_\_\_\_ (take) a shower yet.
- 5- - \_\_\_\_\_ (you-ever-see) a horror movie?  
- No, because I hate them!
- 6- We \_\_\_\_\_ (play) sports \_\_\_\_\_ hours! We need to rest.
- 7- The students \_\_\_\_\_ (just- come back) from the break.

**A- Write sentences in the Present Perfect:**

- 1- Tom- work – in a bank- seven years.....
- 2- The boys- play- football- 6 o'clock.  
.....
- 3- You- ever- fly- by plane?  
.....
- 4- My mum- cook- dinner- yet.  
.....
- 5- I- take- a shower- already.  
.....
- 6- Tina- go- to Brazil- on holidays- never.  
.....
- 7- The children- have lunch- just.  
.....

8- We- do- the homework- yet  
.....

9- My granny- make- a delicious cake- just  
.....

10- The teachers –be- in a meeting- two hours.  
.....

**B- Answer these questions about yourself and your family:**

1- Have you ever been to Europe?  
.....

2- Which provinces from Argentina have you visited?  
.....

3- Has your mother ever ridden a motorbike?  
.....

4- Have you already brushed your teeth?  
.....

5- Has your sister/brother ever played a musical instrument?  
.....

6- Which sports have you practised in your life?  
.....

7- Have you ever read a long book?  
.....

**C- Complete with FOR or SINCE:**

1- She has been working .....ten o'clock.

2- The weather has been sunny ..... a long time.

- 3- Jean has been learning Japanese ..... 2005.
- 4- They have been studying at university ..... five years.
- 5- Kate has been ill ..... a week.
- 6- The Smiths have been on holiday..... Monday.
- 7- The police have been looking for the prisoner .....many days.
- 8- He has worked in that hospital ..... January.
- 9- She has been waiting here ..... early in the morning.
- 10- We have lived in the same house .....all our lives.

### Past Perfect

**Complete the following sentences using Past Perfect and Simple Past:**

- 1- Yesterday when Tom arrived home he \_\_\_\_\_ (realize) he \_\_\_\_\_ (forget) his key at the office.
- 2- After Mary \_\_\_\_\_ (take) a shower, she \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to bed.
- 3- By the time Peter \_\_\_\_\_ (get) to the cinema, the movie \_\_\_\_\_ (already- start).
- 4- When the police \_\_\_\_\_ (arrive) at the bank, the thieves \_\_\_\_\_ (already- escape).
- 5- Lisa \_\_\_\_\_ (be) upset because she \_\_\_\_\_ (lose) her wallet at the party.
- 6- The team \_\_\_\_\_ (be) exhausted because they \_\_\_\_\_ (train) really hard for the football match the day before.
- 7- When my dad \_\_\_\_\_ (arrive) home last night he was very angry because we \_\_\_\_\_ (play) a lot of board games and everything was a mess!

- 8- Before Tina \_\_\_\_\_ (wash) the dishes she \_\_\_\_\_ (serve) the food to all her guests.
- 9- When Mark \_\_\_\_\_ (get into) his car he \_\_\_\_\_ (remember) he \_\_\_\_\_ (leave) the door open!
- 10- By the time the children \_\_\_\_\_ (finish) doing the test, the bell \_\_\_\_\_ (already- ring).

6- Read this note from your penfriend Mark.

## PAST PERFECT

### 1. Fill in the gaps with the past perfect in the affirmative form.

- a) Paul \_\_\_\_\_ (spend) his holiday in Holland.
- b) They \_\_\_\_\_ already \_\_\_\_\_ (do) their work.
- c) She \_\_\_\_\_ (ask) that question before.
- d) I \_\_\_\_\_ never \_\_\_\_\_ (see) such a thing.
- e) We \_\_\_\_\_ (be) there before.
- f) The boys \_\_\_\_\_ (destroy) the garden.
- g) The children \_\_\_\_\_ (break) the vase.
- h) He \_\_\_\_\_ already \_\_\_\_\_ (arrive) from Venice.
- i) They \_\_\_\_\_ never \_\_\_\_\_ (be) to Taiwan.
- j) I \_\_\_\_\_ never \_\_\_\_\_ (arrive) late at school.

### 2 Rewrite the sentences in : 1- negative form; 2- interrogative form.

- a) Jason had studied German last year.
1. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- b) Carol had bought a new dress for the party.
2. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- c) I had lived in that house for three years.
3. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- d) It had rained all night.

4. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- e) They had been to Saudi Arabia before.
5. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- f) We had met our friends at the club.
6. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- g) He had wasted his money playing cards.
7. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- h) I had read that book before.
8. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

### Past Simple vs. Past Perfect

**1. Complete the sentences with either the *past simple* or *past perfect* of the verbs in brackets.**

- a) When I \_\_\_\_\_(come)home my mother \_\_\_\_\_(already/cook) dinner.
- b) By the time she \_\_\_\_\_(get) to the cinema her boyfriend \_\_\_\_\_(already/buy) the tickets.
- c) She \_\_\_\_\_(already/ study) German before she \_\_\_\_\_(move) to Berlin.
- d) When they \_\_\_\_\_(enter) the room the concert \_\_\_\_\_(already / begin)
- e) My son only \_\_\_\_\_(play) computer games after he \_\_\_\_\_(finish) studying.
- f) I \_\_\_\_\_(send) a message to my friends before I \_\_\_\_\_ (meet) them.

- g) They \_\_\_\_\_(not have) much fun by the time Lauren \_\_\_\_\_(arrive).
- h) He \_\_\_\_\_(call) her four times before she \_\_\_\_\_(answer) the phone.
- i) Jason \_\_\_\_\_(find) a new job when he \_\_\_\_\_(go) to London.
- j) After we \_\_\_\_\_(pay) we \_\_\_\_\_(leave) the restaurant.
- k) She \_\_\_\_\_(lose) the handbag her mother \_\_\_\_\_(give) her for her birthday.
- l) Julia \_\_\_\_\_(go) to the doctor because she \_\_\_\_\_(not eat) well for five days.
- m) When he \_\_\_\_\_(reach) the station the train \_\_\_\_\_(already / leave).
- n) When the plane \_\_\_\_\_(land) they \_\_\_\_\_(already/ arrive) to the airport.

### **CONDITIONAL SENTENCES Types 0, 1 and 2**

#### **A- Complete with conditional sentences Types 0, 1 and 2**

1. If I get home late tonight, I \_\_\_\_\_ (not eat) dinner.
2. If you add two and two, you \_\_\_\_\_(get) four.
3. If Jan could run 100 metres in 10 seconds, he \_\_\_\_\_ (be) an athlete.
4. If Simon catches a fish today, we \_\_\_\_\_ (eat) it.
5. She \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) a Porsche if she won the lottery.
6. If it \_\_\_\_\_(rain) in the Sahara desert, everyone would be very surprised.
7. If it rains tonight, we \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to the cinema.

8. If your dog spoke, you \_\_\_\_\_ (can/sell) it to the circus.
9. If we play football on Saturday, I \_\_\_\_\_ (be) tired on Sunday.
10. You \_\_\_\_\_ (become) fat if you eat too much.
11. 10. If I \_\_\_\_\_ (be) you, I wouldn't accept that job. It sounds terrible.

**B-** These sentences express real conditions and consequences. Use **FIRST TYPE CONDITIONALS**:

1. If I \_\_\_\_\_ (see) John, I \_\_\_\_\_ (tell) him your news.
2. He \_\_\_\_\_ (be) very pleased if it \_\_\_\_\_ (be) really true.
3. If you \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to town on Monday, you \_\_\_\_\_ (meet) my brother.
4. If you \_\_\_\_\_ (need) help, my father \_\_\_\_\_ (help) you.
5. We \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a picnic lunch if the day \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) cold.
6. If you \_\_\_\_\_ (see) a policeman, he \_\_\_\_\_ (tell) you the way.
7. I \_\_\_\_\_ (finish) the job tomorrow if I \_\_\_\_\_ (work) a lot today.
8. I \_\_\_\_\_ (not need) an umbrella if it \_\_\_\_\_ (not rain).
9. If you \_\_\_\_\_ (not wash) the dishes, I \_\_\_\_\_ (not cook) dinner tonight.
10. If my dad \_\_\_\_\_ (have) time next week, we \_\_\_\_\_ (paint) my room.

**C-** These sentences express less probable or improbable situations. Use **SECOND TYPE CONDITIONALS**:

1. Her health \_\_\_\_\_ (improve) if she \_\_\_\_\_ (sleep) longer.
2. If she \_\_\_\_\_ (want) to talk to me, she \_\_\_\_\_ (ring up).
3. I \_\_\_\_\_ (understand) Tom if he \_\_\_\_\_ (not speak) so fast.
4. If you \_\_\_\_\_ (give) him some medicine, he \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) ill.

5. You \_\_\_\_\_ (make) a fortune if you \_\_\_\_\_ (take) my advice.
6. If I \_\_\_\_\_ (think) that about him, I \_\_\_\_\_ (say) so.
7. If he \_\_\_\_\_ (promise) to behave better, his mother \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) so angry with him.
8. If we \_\_\_\_\_ (come) here on Sunday, we \_\_\_\_\_ (ride) on horses.
9. If he \_\_\_\_\_ (need) help, I \_\_\_\_\_ (give) it.
10. If I \_\_\_\_\_ (have) more time, I \_\_\_\_\_ (learn) to play the guitar.
11. If she (study) \_\_\_\_\_ harder, she \_\_\_\_\_ (not get) so bad marks.

**D- Complete the sentences with the correct form : Conditionals Type I or II**

1. If you **need** the car in the afternoon, I \_\_\_\_\_ (go) shopping in the morning.
2. If I \_\_\_\_\_ (wear) a hat, I **would look** like an old woman.
3. **I'll buy** this bag if they \_\_\_\_\_ (have) it in blue.
4. I **won't cook** dinner if Tina \_\_\_\_\_ (not help) me.
5. If **I were** you, I \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) that T-shirt.
6. If Jack \_\_\_\_\_ (save) enough money, he **will go** on holidays.
7. If I \_\_\_\_\_ (know) German, I **would speak** to her.
8. If you \_\_\_\_\_ (not tidy) this mess, you **can't go** to the break.
9. We **ll go** sailing if it \_\_\_\_\_ (not be rainy tomorrow).
10. Where **would you travel** if you \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a month holiday?
11. If I \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a month holiday, I \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to Europe.

A. Complete the following CONDITIONAL SENTENCES:

- 1- If you .....(not study) hard, you won't pass the English exam.
- 2- Susan will come to my house if it .....(be) sunny tomorrow.
- 3- If you .....(mix) red and yellow, you get orange.
- 4- If I won the lottery, I .....(travel) around the world.
- 5- Helen won't buy new shoes if she .....(not have) enough money.
- 6- Our teacher..... (not get) angry if we do the exercises.
- 7- If they ..... (have) enough money, they will buy a new car.
- 8- If you ..... (heat) water, it boils.
- 9- Tom would play tennis well if he.....(train) harder.
- 10- We .....(not go) to the party if he doesn't invite us.
- 11- If I .....(have) time, I will call Tom
- 12- Water becomes ice if it .....(get) cold enough.
- 13- What would you do if you .....(find) \$1000 on the street?
- 14- I .....(be) very angry with Nick if he forgets my CD again.

- 15- You will get very wet if you .....  
(walk) in this rain.
- 16- If it .....(rain), I  
will stay at home.
- 17- If I .....(be) you, I would go to  
the dentist soon.
- 18- If you sum up two and two, you  
.....(get) four.
- 19- If Tina .....(train) hard, She will win  
the tennis match.
- 20- I would speak Chinese very well If I  
.....(live) in China.

## Relative clauses

- This is the CD. I bought it for Jane.  
This is.....
- Jenny's brother looks like her. He's about her same age.  
Jenny's brother.....
- Grand Avenue was the best place to buy clothes. I used to go shopping there.  
Grand Avenue, .....
- I'll call the students. I went to London with them last year.  
I'll call .....
- Tim's shoes don't match his jacket. They're brown .  
Tim's shoes, .....
- My friend Claudia used to be a top model. She was extremely thin.  
My friend Claudia,.....
- In 1999 I was working in Dublin. I met Sally there.  
I met.....

8. Nail-biting is a bad habit. You should really try to stop it.  
Nail-biting.....
9. Eileen is a wonderful person. Her husband is very unfriendly.  
Eileen, .....
10. Pete may bring us something. We want it.  
Pete .....
11. "Rolling Stone " is the magazine. We told them about it yesterday.  
"Rolling Stone" is the .....
12. The girl he was looking at was really pretty.  
The girl at which.....
13. The company she was working for was one of the biggest in the country.  
The company for.....
14. Paul's brother won the first prize in the contest.  
Paul has.....
15. We spend our holidays in this village every summer.  
This .....
16. Tom became a vegetarian. That made him happier.  
Tom became a .....

## Relative Pronouns

**\* Combine the following sentences using a suitable Relative Pronoun:**

***who, whose, whom, which, that***

1. I saw a girl. She was carrying a basket on her head.

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2. I have a sister. I like her very much.

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3. The boy teased the girl. He was punished by the teacher.

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4. We met a traveler. He had a lot of luggage.

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5. Air is essential for the existence of life. It is present everywhere.

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6. This is the house. I purchased it from Peter.

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7. He said something. It surprised me.

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8. The boy has come. We were talking about him.

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9. Give me the pen. You bought it yesterday.

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10. He is a good writer. His books are best sellers.

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## **READING**

### **• A DIALOGUE ABOUT GAMES**

- MARK: We might go to the football match next Saturday, Cristina.
- CRISTINA: Football? You must be joking. I can't stand it.
- MARK: No? Why not?
- CRISTINA: Oh, Mark, haven't you realised yet? Twenty-two men in shorts, running after a ball, trying to kick it into a net, a man blowing a whistle, two others waving flags... and thousands of people shouting and screaming like madmen every time it's a goal or not. Is this a game?
- MARK: I see... you prefer things like hopscotch, hide-and-seek, leap frog, blind man's buff...
- CRISTINA: Don't tease me, Mark. I'm not a child any more and there are much better sports than football.
- MARK: Really?



- CRISTINA: Yes, take volleyball, for example. It's so exciting, I'd say wonderful, the two teams trying to keep the ball in motion without letting it touch the ground. No foul play, no violence...
- MARK: Yes, maybe you're right. I like volleyball, too. For me all ball games are great!
- CRISTINA: Not only ball games, Mark. Don't you like badminton, cards, chess, even darts... and things like that?
- MARK: Er... of course I do. Especially if I can play it with you!
- CRISTINA: Oh Mark! This is not fair play...

• **ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS ON THE TEXT:**

- What are Cristina and Mark talking about?
- On what day of the week are football games played in England?
- Why does Mark mention children's games like hopscotch?
- What kind of sports and games does Cristina prefer?

• **FIND OUT WHETHER THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE TRUE OR FALSE, CIRCLE THE ONE THAT CORRESPONDS.**

- 1. Cristina likes football very much. True    False
- 2. Cristina doesn't like volleyball.    True    False
- 3. Volleyball is a violent game                      True    False

**Read the following texts carefully.**

**Eating out**

The British have "imported" food from very different cultures, e.g. the Indian, the Chinese and the Italian.

One reason for the popularity of these types of restaurant is that they are often much cheaper than the more traditional British ones which serve a mixture of British and French cooking.

In the larger cities there is a great choice of restaurants. A good example of this are the vegetarian restaurants which offer a different type of food.



## **Take-away food**

Restaurants often have a take-away service in which you buy the food cooked and take it to eat elsewhere. The most common are Indian, Chinese and Italian pizza take-aways and there are also the American fast-food restaurants. The original British take-away food is fried fish and chips (fried potatoes) and there are still hundreds of fish and chip shops.

## **Self-service**

Another cheap way to eat out is to go to a self-service cafe where you serve yourself from a counter and pay for your food before eating it.

Many self-service restaurants now offer a good range of salads and hot meals.

## **Restaurants**

Restaurants are usually more expensive than fast-food restaurants or self-service cafes.

Most restaurants show a menu outside the building so you can see the type of food served and the prices.

Drinks such as wine and beer usually cost more in a restaurant than in a shop or pub.

### **A. Are these statements true or false?**

1. Traditional restaurants are more popular than Indian, Chinese or Italian restaurants.
2. People save money if they go often to these types of restaurant.
3. When you go to a take-away restaurant you buy the food you want to eat and then you sit at the counter and enjoy your meal.
4. In a self-service cafe things are more expensive because there is a waiter.
5. You don't have to go inside a restaurant to see what they are serving.

**B. Answer the following questions.**

1. Why are fast-food restaurants so popular in Great Britain?

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2. What sort of food can you buy in a take-away restaurant? Give examples.

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3. What are the main differences between a self-service restaurant and a traditional restaurant?

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**WRITING**

Dear Nick,

I'm really excited to hear you're coming to stay with me in England for a few days. Tell me when you're coming, how long you will stay and some things you want to do here.

Write a postcard to tell him what he wants to know.

Write 25 to 35 words.

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